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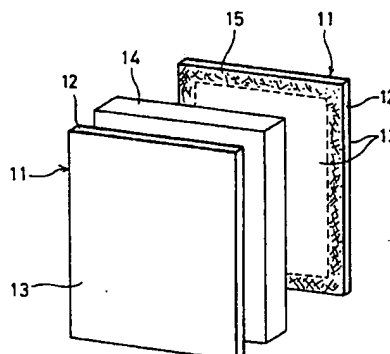
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(54) **FILTRATION FILM ELEMENT AND METHOD OF MANUFACTURING THE SAME.**

(57) A filtration film element for a film separator used in a water treatment apparatus, and a method of manufacturing this kind of filtration film elements. A filtration film element is formed by bonding an organic filtration film, which consists of a plate type support member of a nonwoven cloth both surfaces of which are coated with film members, on the surface of a filtration plate. A part of the film members with which the support member is coated is melted to expose the relative part of the support member. The exposed part of this support member and the corresponding part of the filtration plate are then fixed to each other by bonding.

FIG.1



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## FIELD OF THE INVENTION

This invention relates to a filter membrane element for a membrane separation unit for use in a water treatment apparatus or the like, and to a method of manufacturing such a filter membrane element.

## BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

A known membrane separation unit used in a water treatment apparatus has a plurality of membrane elements. Each membrane element comprises a rectangular filter plate constructed of ABS resin or the like and organic filter membranes comprised of an ultrafiltration or precision filtration film which are adhesively joined with the front and rear surfaces of the filter plate at peripheral edges thereof. Each organic filter membrane comprises a rectangular plate-like support member made of nonwoven fabric and a film coating formed on both sides of the support member. In reality, therefore, at the joint between the filter plate and the organic filter membrane, the filter plate and the film coating are bonded to each other.

With the foregoing prior art arrangement, however, it is impracticable to obtain any reasonably high bond strength between the support member and the film coating, though the arrangement may provide sufficient bond strength between the filter plate and the film coating. As such, peeling may possibly occur between the support member and the film coating, which eventually means a failure of bond strength between the filter plate and each organic filter membrane.

## DISCLOSURE OF THE INVENTION

This invention is directed to overcoming the above described problem of the prior art and it is a primary object of the invention to provide sufficient bond strength between the filter plate and the associated organic filter membranes.

In order to accomplish this objective, the invention presents a method of manufacturing a filter membrane element wherein an organic filter membrane having a plate-like support member made of nonwoven fabric and a film coating formed on both sides of the support member is joined with a surface of a filter plate, the method comprising dissolving a portion of the film coating thereby to cause the support member to be exposed at the dissolved portion thereof, and subsequently joining the exposed portion of the support member with a corresponding portion of the filter plate.

In this way, the nonwoven fabric-made support member can be directly joined with the filter plate, it being thus possible to obtain a bond having

sufficient bond strength.

In accordance with the invention a filter membrane element is provided which comprises a filter plate, an organic filter membrane having a support member made of nonwoven fabric and a film coating formed on a surface of the support member, a feltlike spacer disposed between the filter plate and the organic filter membrane, a portion of the organic filter membrane being adhesively joined with a corresponding portion of the spacer, said portion of the spacer being adhesively joined with a corresponding portion of the filter plate.

According to such arrangement, the adhesive used is allowed to easily penetrate into the felt-like spacer to provide considerable bond strength. That portion of the spacer which constitutes a joint with both the organic filter membrane and the filter plate permits ready infiltration of the adhesive therein so that the infiltrating adhesive is solidified therein to serve as a water stopper. Therefore, entry through any spacer portion of liquid under treatment can be effectively prevented. Further, the spacer defines a passageway for filtrate that has passed through the organic filter membrane.

## BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Fig. 1 is a perspective view showing the procedure of filter membrane bonding with respect to a first embodiment of the invention; and

Fig. 2 is a perspective view of a membrane element representing a second embodiment of the invention.

## DESCRIPTION OF EMBODIMENTS

In Fig. 1, an organic filter membrane 11, comprised of an ultrafiltration film or precision filtration film, includes a rectangular plate-like support member 12 made of nonwoven fabric and a film coating 13 formed on the front and rear surfaces of the support member 12. At opposite sides of a rectangular filter plate 14 constructed of ABS resin or the like are positioned organic filter membranes 11 which are adhesively attached to the filter plate 14.

For adhesive attachment of organic filter membranes 11 to the filter plate 14, a solvent or a solvent-containing adhesive 15 is applied in a sufficient amount on a portion of the film coating 13 which corresponds to a peripheral edge portion of each organic filter membrane which is selected as a joint site. Thereupon, that portion of the film coating 13 is dissolved by the solvent applied so that the support member 12 is exposed at that portion. The support member 12 and the filter plate 14 are then fixedly joined by the adhesive 15 with each other.

In this way, the film coating 13 of each organic filter membrane 12 is dissolved at the joint site to expose the support member 12 at that site so that the constituent nonwoven fabric of the support member 12 comes into direct bond with the filter plate 14. This provides improved adhesion bond, which ensures sufficient bond strength.

As an alternative to the use of adhesive 15 for joining the support member 12 with the filter plate 14, fusion bond or any other suitable means may be used for purposes of such joining.

Each organic filter membrane 11 need not have a film coating 13 formed on both sides of the support member 12, but instead it may be of such a construction, not shown, that a film coating 13 is formed on an externally exposed portion only of the support member 12 which is opposite to the side facing the filter plate 14. In that case, the film coating need not be dissolved and the peripheral edge portion of the support member on that side thereof which is not formed with a film coating 13 may be joined directly with the filter plate 14.

Fig. 2 shows a second embodiment of the invention. In this Fig. 2 embodiment, as in the first embodiment, an organic filter membrane 11, such as an ultrafiltration or precision filtration membrane, comprises a support member 12 made of nonwoven fabric, and a film coating 13 formed on both surfaces of the support member 12. A pair of organic filter membranes 11 are positioned at opposite sides of a filter plate 14 in such a way as to enclose the filter plate 14 between them.

Between each organic filter membrane 11 and the filter plate 14 is interposed a rectangular felt-like spacer 20 of same size as the organic filter membrane 11. It is noted that an organic filter membrane 11 may be provided only on one side of the filter plate 14.

Each organic filter plate 14 and the spacer 20 are joined with each other by an adhesive 16 at respective glued portions A formed along their peripheral edges, and similarly the filter membrane 11 and the spacer 20 are adhesively joined with each other at respective glued portions formed along their peripheral edges, so that the membrane 11, spacer 20, and filter plate 14 are securely fixed together. The filter plate 14 is formed on its surface with an opening 18 for a filtrate flow path 17. The filter plate 14 also has a suction port 19 formed at its top end which communicates with the filtrate flow path 17.

According to such arrangement, a felt-like spacer 20 is interposed between the filter plate 14, which is made of, for example, polyvinyl chloride, a material resistant to adhesive penetration, and each organic filter membrane 11, and the spacer 20 allows adhesive 16 to easily penetrate thereinto. Therefore, considerable bond strength can be ob-

tained.

During a water treating operation, the membrane element is immersed in the liquid being treated, and the liquid is filtered through the organic filter membranes 11 under negative pressure applied via the suction port 19. Filtrate that has passed through the organic filter membrane 11 is directed to the opening 18 via the spacer 20 which serves as a passage and is guided along the filtrate flow path 17 until it reaches the suction port 19, from which it is delivered to a subsequent system.

Adhesive 16 is allowed to easily infiltrate into the spacer 20 at the peripheral edge portion, i. e., glued portion A of the spacer 20, and the infiltrating adhesive is solidified to serve as a water stopper. This prevents the liquid being treated from entry into the membrane element via the peripheral edge portion of the spacer 20.

## Claims

1. A method of manufacturing a filter membrane element wherein an organic filter membrane having a plate-like support member made of nonwoven fabric and a film coating formed on both sides of the support member is joined with a surface of a filter plate, said method comprising dissolving a portion of said film coating thereby to cause the support member to be exposed at the dissolved portion thereof, and subsequently joining the exposed portion of the support member with a corresponding portion of the filter plate.
2. A method of manufacturing a filter membrane element as set forth in claim 1, wherein the film coating is dissolved by applying a solvent thereto.
3. A method of manufacturing a filter membrane element as set forth in claim 1, wherein the film coating is dissolved by applying thereto an adhesive containing a solvent, the adhesive being utilized in bringing the exposed portion of the support member into bond with a corresponding portion of the filter plate.
4. A method of manufacturing a filter membrane element as set forth in claim 1 or 2, wherein the exposed portion of the support member is joined with the corresponding portion of the filter plate by adhesive bonding or fusion bonding.
5. A method of manufacturing a filter membrane element wherein an organic filter membrane having a plate-like support member made of nonwoven fabric and coating film means is

joined with a surface of a filter plate, said method comprising coating the film means on one side of the support member, and joining a portion of said support member at that side thereof which is not film-coated, with a corresponding portion of the filter plate.

6. A filter membrane element comprising a filter plate, an organic filter membrane having a support member made of nonwoven fabric and a film coating formed on a surface of the support member, and a felt-like spacer disposed between said filter plate and said organic filter membrane, a portion of said organic filter membrane being adhesively joined with a corresponding portion of the spacer, said portion of the spacer being adhesively joined with a corresponding portion of the filter plate.
7. A filter membrane element as set forth in claim 6, wherein the adhesive used in joining has penetrated into a portion of the felt-like spacer at respective joints and has become solidified therein.

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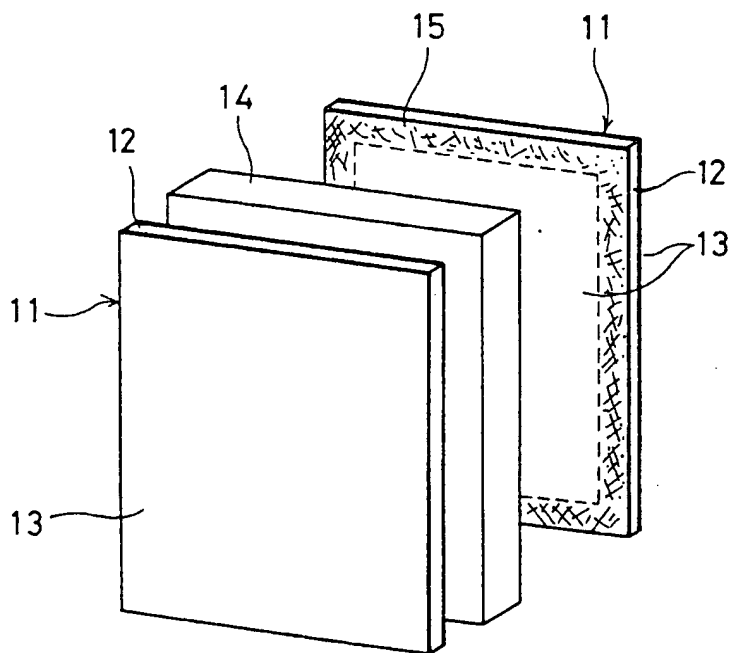
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FIG.1





## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/JP93/00651

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER		
Int. Cl <sup>5</sup> B01D63/08		
According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC		
B. FIELDS SEARCHED		
Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)		
Int. Cl <sup>5</sup> B01D63/08, C02F1/44		
Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched		
Jitsuyo Shinan Koho 1926 - 1992 Kokai Jitsuyo Shinan Koho 1971 - 1992		
Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)		
C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	JP, A, 63-72305 (Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd.), April 2, 1988 (02. 04. 88), Claim; lines 19 to 20, lower right column, page 4, line 1, upper left column, page 5 (Family: none)	1-4
A	JP, A, 63-126512 (Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd.), May 30, 1988 (30. 05. 88), (Family: none) Claim	1-4
X	Lines 13 to 20, upper left column, page 3	1-4
X	JP, A, 53-125275 (Dresser Industries, Inc.), November 1, 1978 (01. 11. 78), Lines 8 to 20, lower left column, lines 1 to 12, lower right column, page 4, lines 4 to 14, upper left column, page 5, Fig. 4 (Family: none)	6-7
A	JP, A, 1-94903 (Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd.), April 13, 1989 (13. 04. 89), (Family: none)	5
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. <input type="checkbox"/> See patent family annex.		
* Special categories of cited documents: "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance "E" earlier document but published on or after the international filing date "L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) "O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means "P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed "T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone "Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art "&" document member of the same patent family		
Date of the actual completion of the international search August 17, 1993 (17. 08. 93)		Date of mailing of the international search report September 7, 1993 (07. 09. 93)
Name and mailing address of the ISA/ Japanese Patent Office Facsimile No.		Authorized officer  Telephone No.